

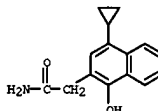
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:82334 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:82334
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:14592b,14593a-b
 TITLE: Structure of the product of pyrolysis from the reaction of α -cyclopropylstyrene with maleic anhydride
 AUTHOR(S): Sarel, Shalom; Breuer, Eli
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Hebrew Univ. School Pharm., Jerusalem
 SOURCE: Chemistry & Industry (London, United Kingdom) (1965), (11), 467
 CODEN: CHINAG; ISSN: 0009-3068
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Cf. CA 54, 17293e. The title product (I) was shown to be 4-cyclopropyl-1-hydroxy-2-naphthylacetic acid lactone, m. 161-2°, on the basis of its chemical analysis, its uv spectrum with peaks at 230 m μ (ϵ 63,000) (the extinction value given for the 1st maximum (loc. cit.) is wrong), 277 m μ (ϵ 6600), and ir spectrum with the carbonyl band at 1818 cm⁻¹. The structure was also confirmed by the synthesis: by alkaline hydrolysis followed by neutralization, of the hydroxy acid (IIa), m. 144-5°, λ_{EtOH} 234 m μ (41000), 281 m μ (4180), λ_{KBr} 1724 cm⁻¹ (carbonyl); by methanolysis of the hydroxy ester (IIb), m. 125-6° λ_{KBr} 1733 cm⁻¹ (ester carbonyl), and by ammonolysis of the hydroxyamide (IIc), m. 183-5° λ_{KBr} 1667 cm⁻¹ (amide carbonyl). Short heating of IIa, IIb, or IIc above the m.p. regenerated I. Etherification of the phenolic group in IIa gave the carbonyl-ether (III), m. 163-4°, which showed no tendency to form I on heating, and which, unlike IIa, IIb, and IIc, gave no color with FeCl₃ in EtOH solution. The N.M.R. spectrum of I showed multiplets between 0.5-0.8 ppm. (2 protons), 0.88-1.35 ppm. (2 protons), and at 1.5-2.2 ppm. (1 proton) which are characteristic of cyclopropyl H atoms; a doublet centered at 3.8 ppm. (2 protons) assigned to the H atoms α to the carbonyl; and a singlet at 7.22 ppm. (1 proton) assigned to H1. The multiplets seen at the lower field between 7.30-7.85 ppm. represent H3, H4, H5, H6.

IT 2089-71-6, 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 4-cyclopropyl-1-hydroxy- (preparation of)

RN 2089-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetamide, 4-cyclopropyl-1-hydroxy- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:60720 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:60720
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:10621f-g
 TITLE: Naphthols
 INVENTOR(S): Gac, Robert; Zepieri, Louis
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Progil
 SOURCE: 21 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 PATENT INFORMATION:

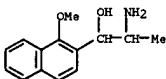
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 1344298		19631129	FR	19620830
GB 1038147			GB	

AB Tetralones and tetralols were heated at .apprx. their b.p. at 1-5 atmospheric in the presence of a dehydrogenation catalyst such as Ni, Cu, Fe, Co, Cr, or Pt on a CaO, MgO, CuO, SrO, or ZnO support to give the title compds. (apparatus pictured). Thus, 1 part CuO was mixed with 2 parts ZnO, cylindrical pellets (3 + 3 mm.) were prepared from the mixture, and the pellets reduced in H at 100-275° to give a catalyst containing metallic Cu. The prepared catalyst (1000 g.) was placed in a reactor at 200°, 1700 g. tetralone preheated at 200°, and the tetralone passed over the catalyst bed at 10 m./hr. 10 hrs. to give a product containing 22.1% α -naphthol and no tetrahydronaphthol.

IT 6047-54-7, 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy- (pharmaceutical containing)

RN 6047-54-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -(1-aminoethyl)-1-methoxy- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:52602 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:52602
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:9221f-h
 TITLE: 2-Alkylamino-1-(2-naphthyl)ethanols
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.
 SOURCE: 13 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
BE 624532		19630507	BE	
GB 1005024			GB	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB	19611108

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 2-Naphthylglyoxal hydrate (I) is mixed with amines and hydrogenated to give II which can be used to treat coronary arterial disorders. A solution of 4 parts 2-ClOH7COCH2Br in 30 parts Me2SO is kept 48 hrs. at room temperature to give I, m. 110° (H2O). A mixture of 0.5 part PtO2 and 15 parts EtOH is agitated at room temperature under H until H absorption stops, 15 parts

iso-PrNH2 and 2 parts I are added, and the mixture is agitated at room temperature under H until H absorption stops to give 2-isopropylamino-1-(2-naphthyl)ethanol, m. 105-6°. Similarly prepared are the following II

(R, m.p., and m.p. HCl salt given): sec-Bu, 82-3° (patr. ether), --; iso-Bu, --, 196-8° (MeOHMe2CO); Pr, 98-9°, 192-3° (MeOH-EtOAc); tert-Bu, 129-30°, --; Et, 110-11°, --; Bu, 94, --. Also prepared are 2-isopropylamino-1-(1-methoxy-2-naphthyl)ethanol, m. 140-2°, 1-(2-naphthyl)-2-isopropylmethylaminoethanol-HCl, m. 177-8° (MeOH-EtOAc), and 1-methoxy-2-naphthylglyoxal hydrate, m. 110° (aqueous EtOH).

IT 93025-08-2, 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -(isopropylamino)methyl-1-methoxy- (preparation of)

RN 93025-08-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthalenemethanol, α -(isopropylamino)methyl-1-methoxy- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

